Guidelines for: Chronic Heel Pain -PLANTAR FASCIITIS

ICF Based Orthopaedic Physical Therapy Practice Guidelines FOOT & ANKLE GROUP





MEMBERS

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Epidemiologic Features

- Plantar Fasciitis
 - Most common foot condition treated by health care providers
 - Occurs in ~ 2 million Americans per year - FASIG surveyed over 500 PTs in 2000
 - Of 117 responding plantar fasciitis most common foot condition treated

Risk Factors

- Strong Association BMI in non-athletic population
- Weak Association - Increased age
- Decreased ankle dorsiflexion
- Decreased 1st MTP extension
- Prolonged standing
- Inconclusive
 - Static foot postureDynamic foot motion
- NO association
 - Height in non-athletic population
 Height, Weight, & BMI in athletic population

Prognostic Groups

Group 1: Full Recovery	Group 2: Full to Partial Recovery	Group 3: Partial Recovery
Symptom duration < 2 months	Symptom duration 2 to 6 months	Symptom duration > 6 months
Is non-athletic OR participates in athletic activity BMI < 25 kg/m ² Recent & substantial increase in standing at work OR athletic activity	Is non-athletic OR participates in athletic activity Decreased ankle DF BMI 25 to 30 kg/m ² Prolonged standing or walking Pronated foot posture?	Is non-athletic > 50 years old Decreased ankle DF BMI > 30 kg/m ² Prolonged standing or walking Decreased 1st MTP Ext Pronated foot posture?

Clinical Diagnosis

- Diagnosis made with reasonable certainty based on clinical assessment alone
 - Insidious onset of plantar heel pain with WB after period of Non-WB
 Most noticeable in AM with 1st step or after inactivity

 - after inactivity Can have antalgic gait History indicates recent change in level of activity Sharp, localized pain under anteromedial aspect of plantar heel Parathesias are uncommon



Tests & Measurements			
	GROUP 1	GROUP 2	GROUP 3
ICF Impairment			
Pain	VAS	VAS	VAS
	FAAM	FAAM	FAAM
	Palpation	Palpation	Palpation
Power of	MMT of	MMT of	MMT of
isolated	extrinsics &	extrinsics &	extrinsics &
muscles	intrinsics	intrinsics	intrinsics

Tests & Measurements			
	GROUP 1	GROUP 2	GROUP 3
ICF Impairment			
Mobility of single joint/tarsal bones	passive RF & MF mobility DF ROM 1st MTP Ext	Active & passive RF & MF mobility DF ROM 1st MTP Ext Assess LAA	

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	GROUP 1	GROUP 2	GROUP 3
ICF Impairment			
Gait Pattern	Gait Analysis	Gait Analysis	Gait Analysis
Ligaments & fascia of foot		Windless test	Windless test

Differential Dx

- Calcaneal Stress Fx
- Bone bruise
- Fat pad atrophy
- Tarsal tunnel syndrome
- Soft tissue, primary or metastatic bone tumors
- Sever disease
- Referred pain secondary to S1 radiculopathy

Interventions

Level of Evidence Classification

Level I	Evidence obtained from high quality randomized controlled trials
	Evidence obtained from lesser quality randomized controlled trials or prospective comparative studies
Level III	Evidence obtained from retrospective comparative or case-controlled studies
Level IV	Evidence obtained from case studies



Modalities		
Level of Evidence	RECOMMENDATION	
	Dexamethasone 0.4% or acetic acid 5% delivered via iontophoresis to provide short-term (2 to 4 weeks) pain relief and	
	n et al, Am J Sports Med 25:312, 1997 & Allison, Br J Sports Med 40:545, 2006	

Stretching		
Level of Evidence	RECOMMENDATION	
II	Calf muscle &/or plantar fascia stretching for short-term (2 to 4 months) pain relief & calf flexibility improvement. <i>Stretching</i> <i>dosage can be sustained or intermittent.</i>	
 Porter et al, Foot Ankle Int 23:619, 2002 Digiovanni et al, J Bone Joint Surg Am 85-A:1270, 2003 		

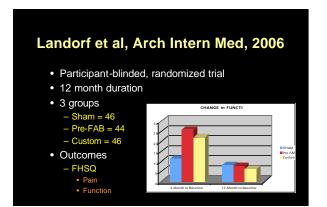


Level of Evidence	RECOMMENDATION
II	Night splints should be used when symptoms > 6 months. <i>Desired length of</i> <i>wear time = 1 to 3 months</i> . Type of splint does not affect outcome
- Powell e - Barry et	l, Clin J Sports Med 6:158, 1996 t al, Foot Ankle Int 19:10, 1998 al, J Foot Ankle Surg 41:221, 2002 al, Foot Ankle Int 27:606, 2006



- Pfeffer et al. Foot Ankle Int 20:214, 1999

- Martin et al, JAPMA 91:55, 2001
 Landorf et al, Arch Intern Med 166:1305, 2006



PT Interventions			
Group 1: Full Recovery	Group 2: Full to Partial Recovery	Group 3: Partial Recovery	
2 to 3 iontophoresis Tx Manual therapy Specific plantar fascia or calf muscle stretching Extrinsic & Intrinsic muscle strengthening Taping or Pre- fabricated foot orthoses Patient education	Manual therapy Specific plantar fascia or calf muscle stretching Extrinsic & Intrinsic muscle strengthening Taping or Pre- fabricated foot orthoses Patient education	Specific plantar fascia or calf muscle stretching Extrinsic & Intrinsic muscle strengthening Taping or Pre- fabricated foot orthoses Patient education NIGHT SPLINTS	

